Amendments to the Claims

Please amend the claims as follows (the changes are shown with strikethrough for deleted matter and <u>underlining</u> for added matter). A complete listing of the claims is set out below with proper claim identifiers.

- 1. (Original) A curable composition comprising:
- (A) a vinyl polymer (I) comprising, at the molecular terminal, at least one group represented by the general formula (1):

$$CH_2 = C(R^a) - C(O)O - (1)$$

wherein R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a monovalent organic group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, and

- (B) a monoacrylate phenolic antioxidant.
- 2. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) has a molecular weight distribution of less than 1.8.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to elaims 1 or 2claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) has a main chain produced by polymerization using, as a main component, at least one monomer selected from the group consisting of a (meth)acrylic monomer, an acrylonitrile monomer, an aromatic vinyl monomer, a fluorine-containing vinyl monomer and a silicon-containing vinyl monomer.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) is a poly(meth)acrylate.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 4claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) is a polyacrylate.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 5claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) is an acrylic ester polymer.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) has a main chain produced by living radical polymerization.
- 8. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 7, wherein the living radical polymerization is atom transfer radical polymerization.
- 9. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 8, wherein the atom transfer radical polymerization uses, as a catalyst, a transition metal complex having an element from the 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, or 11th group of the periodic table as a central metal.
- 10. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 9, wherein the metal complex used as a catalyst is a complex of a metal selected from the group consisting of copper, nickel, ruthenium and iron.
- 11. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 10, wherein the metal complex used as a catalyst is a copper complex.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 11 claim 1, wherein the component (A) is a vinyl polymer obtained by the steps of:
- (1) polymerizing a vinyl monomer by atom transfer radical polymerization to produce a vinyl polymer having a terminal structure represented by the general formula (2):
 - $-C(R^1)(R^2)(X)$ (2)

wherein R¹ and R² represent a group bonded to an ethylenically unsaturated group of the vinyl monomer, and X represents chlorine, bromine or iodine; and

- (2) converting a terminal halogen of the polymer into a group represented by the general formula (1).
- 13. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 12claim 1, wherein the component (A) is produced by the following step of:

reacting a vinyl polymer having a halogen group at the terminal with a compound represented by the general formula (3):

$$M^{+-}OC(O)C(R^{a}) = CH_{2}$$
 (3)

wherein R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a monovalent organic group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, and M^+ represents an alkali metal ion or quaternary ammonium ion.

14. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 13, wherein the vinyl polymer having a halogen group at the terminal has a terminal structure represented by the general formula (2):

$$-C(R^1)(R^2)(X)$$
 (2)

wherein R^1 and R^2 represent a group bonded to an ethylenically unsaturated group of the vinyl monomer, and X represents chlorine, bromine or iodine.

The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 12claim 1, wherein the component (A) is produced by the step of:

reacting a vinyl polymer having a hydroxyl group at the terminal with a compound represented by the general formula (4):

$$X^{-1}C(O)C(R^a) = CH_2$$
 (4)

wherein R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a monovalent organic group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, and X^1 represents chlorine, bromine or a hydroxyl group.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 12claim 1, wherein the component (A) is produced by the steps of:
- (1) reacting a vinyl polymer having a hydroxyl group at the terminal with a diisocyanate compound; and
- (2) reacting the remaining isocyanate group with a compound represented by the general formula (5):

$$HO-R'-OC(O)C(R^a)=CH_2$$
 (5)

wherein R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a monovalent organic group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, and R' represents a divalent organic group having 2 to 20 carbon atoms.

- 17. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 6claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) has a main chain produced by polymerizing a vinyl monomer using a chain transfer agent.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 17claim 1, wherein the vinyl polymer (I) has a number average molecular weight of 3000 or more.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1-to 18claim 1, wherein the component (B) monoacrylate phenolic antioxidant is 2-t-butyl-6-(3-t-butyl-2-hydroxy-5-methylbenzyl)-4-methylphenyl acrylate and/or 2,4-di-t-amyl-6-[1-(3,5-di-t-amyl-2-hydroxyphenyl)ethyl]phenyl acrylate.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 19 claim 1, further comprising (C) a polymerization initiator.
- 21. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 20, wherein the polymerization initiator (C) is a photopolymerization initiator.

- 22. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 21, wherein the photopolymerization initiator is a radical photopolymerization initiator.
- 23. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 20, wherein the polymerization initiator (C) is a thermal polymerization initiator.
- 24. (Original) The curable composition according to claim 23, wherein the thermal polymerization initiator is selected from the group consisting of an azo initiator, a peroxide, a persulfate, and a redox initiator.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A curable composition according to any-one of claims 1 to 24claim 1, furthermore comprising reinforcing silica as an essential component(D).
- 26. (Currently Amended) The curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 25claim 1, comprising from 0.01 to 5.0 parts by weight of the component (B) relative to 100 parts by weight of the component (A).
- 27. (Original) A method for improving mechanical properties of a cured product obtained from a curable composition comprising a step of adding (B) monoacrylate phenolic antioxidant to (A) a vinyl polymer having, at the molecular terminal, at least one group represented by the general formula (1):

$$CH_2 = C(R^a) - C(O)O - (1)$$

wherein R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a monovalent organic group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms, in order to suppress polymerization reaction.

28. (Currently Amended) A cured product obtained from the curable composition according to any one of claims 1 to 26claim 1.